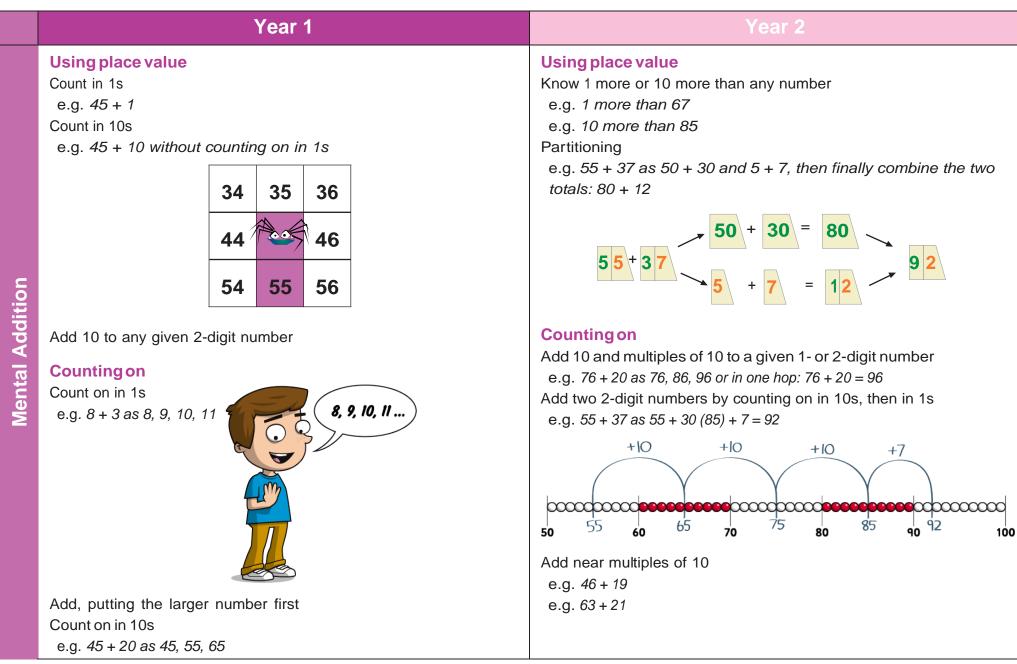
Overview of Strategies and Methods – Addition



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Addition

	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Addition	Using number facts 'Story' of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 e.g. $7 = 7 + 0$, $6 + 1$, $5 + 2$, $4 + 3$ Number bonds to 10 e.g. $5 + 5$, $6 + 2$, $7 + 3$, $8 + 2$, $9 + 1$, $10 + 0$ 4 + 6 = 10 Use patterns based on known facts when adding e.g. $4 + 3 = 7$ so we know $24 + 3$, $44 + 3$, $74 + 3$	Using number facts Know pairs of numbers which make the numbers up to and including 12 e.g. $8 = 4 + 4$, $3 + 5$, $2 + 6$, $1 + 7$, $0 + 8$ e.g. $10 = 5 + 5$, $4 + 6$, $3 + 7$, $2 + 8$, $1 + 9$, $0 + 10$ Use patterns based on known facts when adding e.g. $6 + 3 = 9$, so we know $36 + 3 = 39$, $66 + 3 = 69$, $56 + 3 = 59$ Bridging 10 e.g. $57 + 5 = 57 + 3$ (60) $+ 2 = 62$ +3 + 2 50 Add three or more 1-digit numbers, spotting bonds to 10 or doubles e.g. $3 + 5 + 3 = 6 + 5 = 11$ e.g. $8 + 2 + 4 = 10 + 4 = 14$



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Subtraction

	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Subtraction	Using place value Count back in 1s e.g. Know 53 – 1 Count back in 10s e.g. Know 53 – 10 without counting back in 1s 32 33 3442 43 4452 $54Taking awayCount back in 1se.g. 11 – 3 as 11, 10, 9, 8e.g. 14 – 3 as 14, 13, 12, 1114$, 13, 12, 11 14, 13, 12, 11 Count back in 10s e.g. 53 – 20 as 53, 43, 33	Using place value Know 1 less or 10 less than any number e.g. 1 less than 74 e.g. 10 less than 82 Partitioning e.g. 55 – 32 as 50 – 30 and 5 – 2 and combine the answers: 20 + 3 55 - 32 - 5 - 2 = 3 - 23 Taking away Subtract 10 and multiples of 10 e.g. 76 – 20 as 76, 66, 56 or in one hop: 76 – 20 = 56 Subtract two 2-digit numbers by counting back in 10s, then in 1s e.g. 67 – 34 as 67 subtract 30 (37) then count back 4 (33) -4 - 30 - 4 - 30 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50

Overview of Strategies and Methods – Subtraction

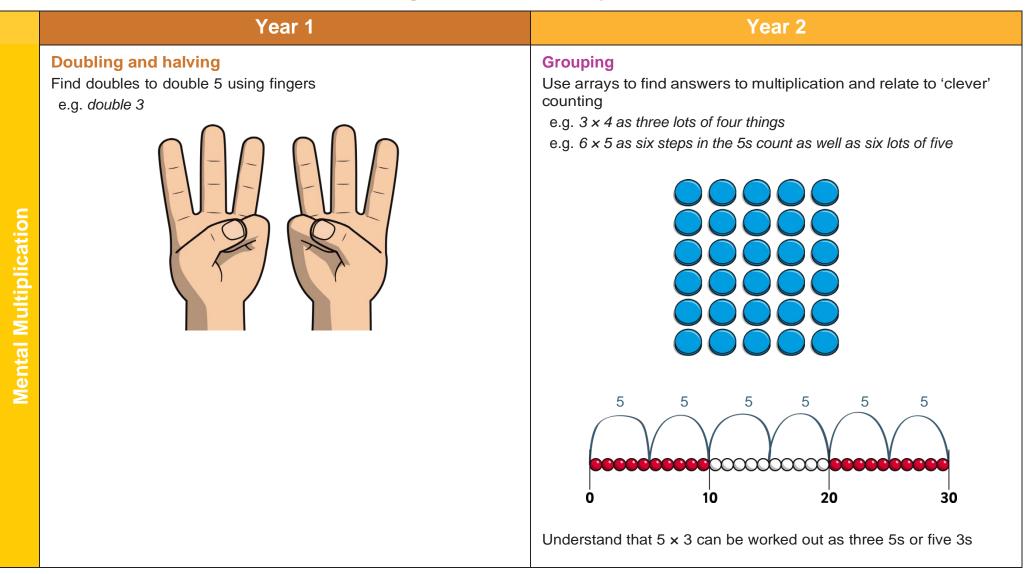
	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Subtraction	Using number facts 'Story' of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 e.g. 'Story' of 7 is $7 - 1 = 6$, $7 - 2 = 5$, $7 - 3 = 4$ Number bonds to 10 e.g. $10 - 1 = 9$, $10 - 2 = 8$, $10 - 3 = 7$ 10 - 7 = 3 Subtract using patterns of known facts e.g. $7 - 3 = 4$ so we know $27 - 3 = 24$, $47 - 3 = 44$, $77 - 3 = 74$	Using number facts Know pairs of numbers which make the numbers up to and including 12 and derive related subtraction facts e.g. $10-6=4$, $8-3=5$, $5-2=3$ Subtract using patterns of known facts e.g. $9-3=6$, so we know $39-3=36$, $69-3=66$, $89-3=86$



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication

	Year 1											Year 2
	Counting Count in 2		teps	('cle	ever'	cour	nting)				Counting in steps ('clever' counting) Count in 2s, 5s and 10s
			2	2 2		2 2	2 2		2			
nc	Count in 10	Ds										5 5 5 5 5 5
catic		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1205	
tiplic		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	0 10 20 30
Mental Multiplication	-	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
tal		31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	Begin to count in 3s
len		41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	Doubling and halving Begin to know doubles of multiples of 5 to 100
2		51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	e.g. double 35 is 70
		61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	
		71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	
		81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	0 10 20 30
		91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	Begin to double 2-digit numbers less than 50 with 1s digits of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5

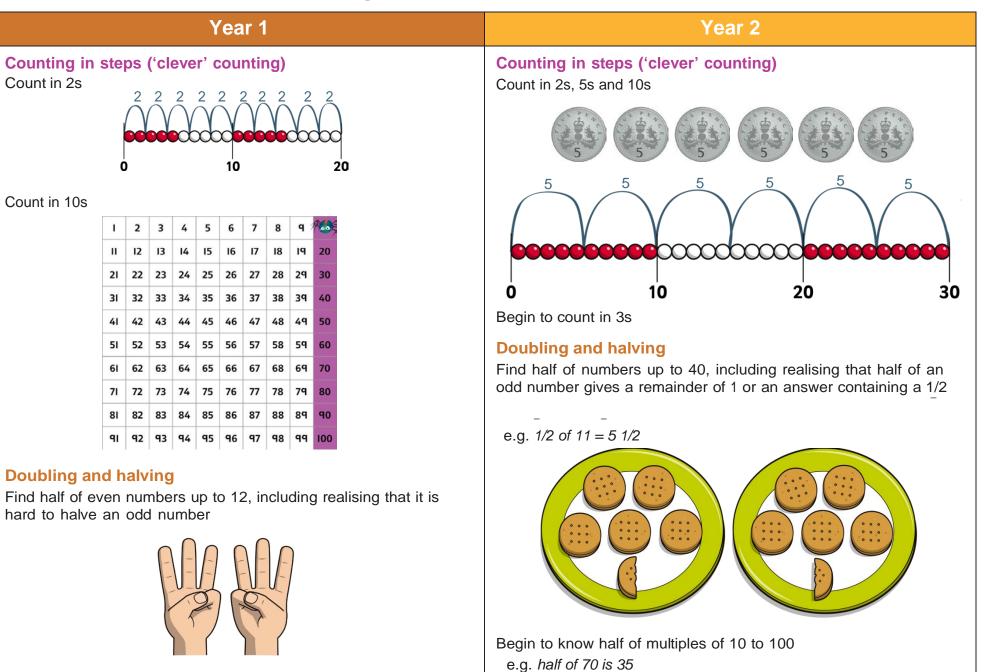
Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication

	Year 1	Year 2
no	Grouping Begin to use visual and concrete arrays and sets of objects to find the answers to 'three lots of four' or 'two lots of five' e.g. <i>three lots of four</i>	Using number facts Know doubles to double 20 e.g. <i>double 7 is 14</i>
Mental Multiplication		
Mental		Start learning x2, x5, x10 tables, relating these to 'clever' counting in 2s, 5s, and 10s e.g. $5 \times 10 = 50$, and five steps in the 10s count = 10, 20, 30, 40, 50

Overview of Strategies and Methods – Division



ALWAYS LEARNING

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Overview of Strategies and Methods – Division

	Year 1	Year 2
the a make Shar Begin e.g.	to use visual and concrete arrays and 'sets of' objects to find nswers to questions such as 'How many towers of three can I with twelve cubes?'	GroupingRelate division to multiplication by using arrays or towers of cubes to find answers to divisione.g. 'How many towers of five cubes can I make from twenty cubes?' as _ x 5 = 20 and also as $20 \div 5 = _$ Relate division to 'clever' counting and hence to multiplication e.g. 'How many fives do I count to get to twenty?'Sharing e.g. find a quarter of 16 cubes by sorting the cubes into four pilesFind 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 of small quantities $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
		Using number facts Know half of even numbers to 24 Know ×2, ×5 and ×10 division facts Begin to know ×3 division facts

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